

Problem 1

$$\omega_f = \frac{2}{P} \omega_e = \frac{2}{4} (2\pi \times 60) = 188.4956 \text{ rad/sec}$$

$$\omega_{m,r} = (1 - \sigma_r) \omega_f = (1 - 0.1477) (188.4956) = 160.6548 \text{ rad/sec}$$

$$\omega_{m_1} = 0.45 \omega_{m,r} = 72.2946 \text{ rad/sec}$$

$$\omega_{m_2} = 0.80 \omega_{m,r} = 128.5238 \text{ rad/sec}$$

$$\phi_1 = \frac{\omega_f - \omega_{m_1}}{\omega_f} = 0.6165$$

$$\phi_2 = \frac{\omega_f - \omega_{m_2}}{\omega_f} = 0.3182$$

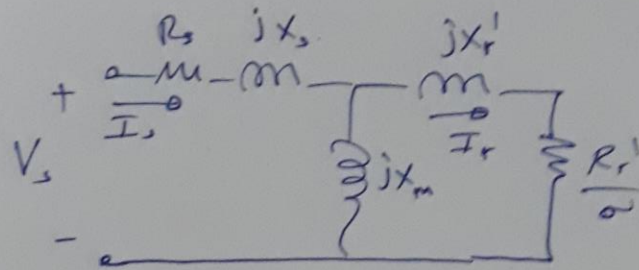
$$T_{L_1} = T_{L\omega_1} + C\omega_{m_1}^2, \quad T_{L_2} = T_{L\omega_2} + C\omega_{m_2}^2$$

$$T_{L_1} = 0.01\omega_{m_1} + (0.0005 + C)\omega_{m_1}^2 = 144.4521 \text{ N}\cdot\text{m}$$

$$T_{L_2} = 0.01\omega_{m_2} + (0.0005 + C)\omega_{m_2}^2 = 455.5404 \text{ N}\cdot\text{m}$$

$$T_{L_1} = \frac{3I_{r_1}' R_r'}{\omega_f \sigma_1} \Rightarrow I_{r_1} = \sqrt{\frac{T_{L_1} \omega_f \sigma_1}{3R_r'}} = 159.48 \text{ A}$$

$$T_{L_2} = \frac{3I_{r_2}' R_r'}{\omega_f \sigma_2} \Rightarrow I_{r_2} = \sqrt{\frac{T_{L_2} \omega_f \sigma_2}{3R_r'}} = 203.45 \text{ A}$$



$$\left. \begin{aligned} I_r &= \frac{jX_m}{(jX_m) + \left(\frac{R_r'}{s} + jX_r'\right)} I_s \\ I_s &= \left(\frac{jX_m + \frac{R_r'}{s} + jX_r'}{jX_m}\right) I_r \end{aligned} \right\} \text{Current divider}$$

$$I_{s1} = \frac{\frac{R_r'}{s_1} + j(X_m + X_r')}{jX_m} \cdot I_{r1} = 161.49 \angle -2.02^\circ \text{ A}$$

$$I_{s2} = \frac{\frac{R_r'}{s_2} + j(X_m + X_r')}{jX_m} \cdot I_{r2} = 206.02 \angle -2.02^\circ \text{ A}$$

$$V_{s1} = (R_s + jX_s) I_{s1} + \left(\frac{R_r'}{s_1} + jX_r'\right) I_{r1} = 71.53 \angle 29.39^\circ \text{ V}$$

$$V_{s2} = (R_s + jX_s) I_{s2} + \left(\frac{R_r'}{s_2} + jX_r'\right) I_{r2} = 154.23 \angle 16.87^\circ \text{ V}$$

Problem 2

$$1) T_{\text{el,max}} = \frac{V^2}{2\omega_f [R_s \mp \sqrt{R_s^2 + (X_s + X_r')^2}]}$$

+ : motoring
- : braking

$$= \frac{V^2}{2\omega_f^2} \cdot \frac{1}{[R_s \mp \sqrt{R_s^2 + (X_s + X_r')^2}]}$$

ω_f $V/\omega_f = \text{constant}$

$$\delta = \frac{T_{\text{el,max}}(f=12\text{Hz})}{T_{\text{el,max}}(f=60\text{Hz})} = \frac{R_s \mp \sqrt{R_s^2 + (2\pi \times 60)^2 (L_s + L_r')^2}}{R_s \mp \sqrt{R_s^2 + (2\pi \times 12)^2 (L_s + L_r')^2}} \times \frac{12}{60}$$

For motoring: $\delta = \boxed{0.68}$

For braking: $\delta = \boxed{1.46}$

$R_s = 0.014 \Omega$
 $L_s = L_r' = \frac{0.12}{2\pi \times 60}$

2) At starting $\omega = 1$

$$T_{\text{el}} = \frac{V^2}{\omega_f [(R_r' + R_s)^2 + (X_r' + X_s)^2]} = \frac{V^2}{\omega_f^2} \cdot \frac{1}{(R_r' + R_s)^2 + (X_r' + X_s)^2} \cdot \omega_f$$

$$\frac{T_{\text{el}}(f=12)}{T_{\text{el}}(f=60)} = \frac{(R_r' + R_s)^2 + (X_r' + X_s)^2 \Big|_{f=60}}{(R_r' + R_s)^2 + (X_r' + X_s)^2 \Big|_{f=12}} \times \frac{12}{60} = \boxed{2.6}$$

$$I_r' = \frac{V/\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{R_r'^2 + X_r'^2}}$$

$$\frac{I_r'(f=12)}{I_r'(f=60)} = \frac{V(f=12)}{V(f=60)} \times \frac{\sqrt{R_r'^2 + (2\pi \times 60)^2 L_r'^2}}{\sqrt{R_r'^2 + (2\pi \times 12)^2 L_r'^2}} = \boxed{0.72}$$

Problem 3

$$1) T_{el,r} = \frac{3 I_{r,r}^2 R_r'}{\omega \omega_r}$$

$$\omega_r = \frac{n_s - n_m}{n_s}$$

$$n_s = \frac{120}{P} f_e = \frac{120}{6} (50) = 1000 \text{ rpm}$$

$$\omega_r = \frac{1000 - 960}{1000} = 0.04$$

$$\omega_s = 1000 \left(\frac{\pi}{30} \right) = 104.7 \text{ rad/sec}$$

$$I_{r,r}' = \left| \frac{Z_m}{Z_m + Z_r'} \right| I_{s,r}$$

$$I_{s,r} = \frac{400/\sqrt{3}}{|Z_{in}|}$$

$$Z_{in} = Z_s + \frac{Z_r' Z_m}{Z_r' + Z_m}$$

$$Z_s = R_s + jX_s = 1.55 \angle 75^\circ \Omega$$

$$Z_r' = \frac{R_r'}{s} + jX_r' = 5.22 \angle 16.7^\circ \Omega \Rightarrow Z_{in} = 6 \angle 37^\circ \Omega$$

$$Z_m = j30 \Omega$$

$$I_{s,r} = \frac{400/\sqrt{3}}{6} = 38.5 \text{ A}$$

$$I_{r,r}' = 36.22 \text{ A} \Rightarrow E_r = |Z_r'| I_{r,r}' = 189 \text{ V}$$

$$\Rightarrow T_{el,r} = \frac{3 (36.22)^2 (0.2)}{0.04 (104.7)} = 188 \text{ N.m}$$

$$\text{Now, } T_{\text{ext}} = 3P\gamma_m^2 \frac{R_r' / (\rho\omega_e)}{(R_r' / \rho\omega_e)^2 + L_r'^2}$$

$$T_{\text{ext}} = \frac{188}{2}$$

$$\rho = 6$$

$$R_r' = 0.2 \Omega$$

$$L_r' = \frac{1.5}{2\pi(50)} \text{ H}$$

$$\gamma_m = L_m I_m, \quad I_m = \frac{E_r}{\omega_e L_m} \Rightarrow \gamma_m = \frac{E_r}{\omega_e} = \frac{189}{2\pi(50)} = 0.63 \text{ W.A}$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{solve for } \omega \Rightarrow \omega = 0.0374$$

$$\text{All } I_s = I_r' + I_m$$

$$I_r' = \frac{E}{Z_r'}, \quad I_m = \frac{E}{jX_m}$$

taking E as a reference

$$\text{At } 25 \text{ Hz} \Rightarrow E = 0.5 \times 189 = 94.5 \text{ V}$$

$$Z_r' = \frac{R_r'}{\omega} + jX_r'(25 \text{ Hz}) = 5.4 \angle 8^\circ \Omega$$

$$\Rightarrow I_r' = \frac{94.5}{5.4 \angle 8^\circ} = 17.5 \angle -8^\circ \text{ A}$$

$$I_m = \frac{E}{jX_m(25 \text{ Hz})} = \frac{94.5}{j(0.5 \times 20)} = 6.3 \angle -90^\circ \text{ A}$$

$$I_s = 17.5 \angle -8^\circ + 6.3 \angle -90^\circ$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{I_s = 19.85 \text{ A}}$$

2) slip speed in rpm at $T_{sl,r}$ and $f_c = 50$ Hz

$$\eta_{\omega} = s \eta_r = 0.04(1000) = 40 \text{ rpm}$$

Since the torque-speed curve is straight line,
 η_{ω} at half $T_{sl,r}$ is $\eta_{\omega} = 0.5 \times 40 = 20 \text{ rpm}$

$$\text{At } 25 \text{ Hz} \Rightarrow \eta_r = \frac{25}{50} (500) = 250 \text{ rpm}$$

$$s = \frac{500 - 480}{500} = 0.04$$

$$I_s = I_m' + I_r'$$

$$I_r' = \frac{E}{Z_r'}, \quad I_m = \frac{E}{jX_m}$$

taking E as a reference

$$Z_r' = \frac{R_r'}{s} + jX_r' (25 \text{ Hz}) = 5.06 \angle 8.5^\circ \text{ A}$$

$$I_r' = \frac{94.5}{5.06 \angle 8.5^\circ} = 18.7 \angle -8.5^\circ \text{ A}$$

$$I_m = \frac{94.5}{j(0.5(20))} = 6.3 \angle -90^\circ \text{ A}$$

$$I_s = 18.7 \angle -8.5^\circ + 6.3 \angle -90^\circ$$

$$\boxed{I_s = 20.6 \text{ A}}$$

$$3) \quad n_{\omega} = -40 \text{ rpm}$$

$$n_f = n_m + n_{\omega} = 800 - 40 = 760 \text{ rpm}$$

$$n_f = \frac{120}{c} f_e \Rightarrow \boxed{f_e = 38 \text{ Hz}}$$

$$\text{At } 38 \text{ Hz} \Rightarrow E = \frac{38}{50} \times 189 = 143.64 \text{ V}$$

$$s = \frac{-40}{760} = -0.0526$$

$$Z_r' = \frac{R_r'}{s} + jX_r'(38 \text{ Hz}) = 3.97 \angle 163.3^\circ \Omega$$

Taking E as a reference

$$I_r' = \frac{E}{Z_r'} = 26.2 \angle -163.3^\circ \text{ A}$$

$$I_s = 26.2 \angle -163.3^\circ + 6.3 \angle -90^\circ$$

$$\boxed{I_s = 38.52 \angle -154^\circ \text{ A}}$$

$$V = Z_s I_s + E = \left(0.4 + j1.5 \times \frac{38}{50}\right) (38.52 \angle -154^\circ) + 143.64$$

$$\boxed{V = 156 \angle -17.3^\circ \text{ V}}$$

Problem 4

$$n_s = \frac{120}{p} f_e = \frac{120}{6} \times 60 = 1200 \text{ rpm}$$

$$\omega_s = 1200 \left(\frac{\pi}{30} \right) = 125.66 \text{ rad/sec}$$

$$s = \frac{1200 - 1164}{1200} = 0.03$$

Without rotor resistance control,

$$T_{\text{max}} = \frac{V^2 R_r' / s}{\omega_s \left[R_s + \frac{R_r'}{s} \right]^2 + (X_s + X_r')^2} = 78.5 \text{ N.m}$$

1.) at the breakdown torque

$$\frac{R_r', \text{new}}{s} = \sqrt{R_s^2 + (X_s + X_r')^2}$$

when the breakdown occurs at standstill

$$\begin{aligned} R_r', \text{new} &= \sqrt{R_s^2 + (X_s + X_r')^2} \\ &= \sqrt{(0.4)^2 + (2.8 + 1.6)^2} = 3.6 \Omega \end{aligned}$$

$$R_r', \text{new} = R_r' + R_{\text{eq}}^* + R_{\text{thy}}'$$

$$R_{\text{thy}}' + R_{\text{eq}}^* = 3.6 - 0.6 = 3 \Omega$$

$$R_{\text{thy}}' + R_{\text{eq}}^* = \frac{3}{a_T^2} = 0.48 \Omega$$

$$R_{\text{thy}}' = 0.5 R_T = 0.5 (0.02) = 0.01 \Omega$$

$$\Rightarrow R_{\text{eq}}^* = 0.47 \Omega \Rightarrow R_{\text{eq}}^* = 0.5 (1 - \frac{0.4}{s}) R \Rightarrow \boxed{R = 0.94 \Omega}$$

$$2.) \quad T_{\text{me}} = \frac{V^2 R'_{r,\text{new}} / \sigma}{\omega_f \left[\left(\frac{R'_{r,\text{new}}}{\sigma} + R_s \right)^2 + (X_r' + X_s)^2 \right]} = 1.5 \times 78.5$$

$$\sigma = \frac{1200 - 960}{1200} = 0.2$$

solve for $R'_{r,\text{new}}$

$$\Rightarrow R'_{r,\text{new}} \approx 2.3 \Omega$$

$$R_r' + R_{f,\text{eq}}' + R_{g'}^* = 2.3 \Omega$$

$$R_{f,\text{eq}}' + R_{g'}^* = 1.7 \Omega$$

$$R_{f,\text{eq}}' + R_{g'}^* = 1.7 / a^2 = 0.272 \Omega$$

$$0.01 + 0.5(1-\delta)R = 0.272$$

$$0.01 + 0.5(1-\delta)(0.94) = 0.272 \Rightarrow \delta = 0.4$$

$$3.) \quad R'_{r,\text{new}} = R_r' + R_{f,\text{eq}}' + R_{g'}^*$$

$$= 0.6 + a^2 \left(\frac{R_f}{a} + 0.5(1-\delta)R \right)$$

$$\downarrow$$

$$= 0.6 + (2.5)^2 \left[0.5(0.02) + 0.5(0.4)(0.94) \right]$$

$$= 1.84 \Omega$$

$$1.5 \times 78.5 = \frac{(400)^2 \cdot 1.84 / \sigma}{125.66 \left[\left(\frac{1.84}{\sigma} + 0.4 \right)^2 + (3.6)^2 \right]}$$

$$\text{solve for } \sigma \Rightarrow \sigma \approx 0.15$$

$$\eta_m = (1-\sigma)\eta_f = (1-0.15)(1200) = 1020 \text{ rpm}$$

problem 5

1) $\sigma = -a_T \cos \alpha$

$\sigma = -a_T \cos \alpha$; $a_T = a_T$

$\eta_{min} = 0.5 \eta_1 \Rightarrow \sigma_{min} = \frac{\eta_1 - 0.5 \eta_1}{\eta_1} = 0.5$

$\sigma_{min} = -a_T \cos(170) \Rightarrow 0.5 = -a_T \cos(170)$

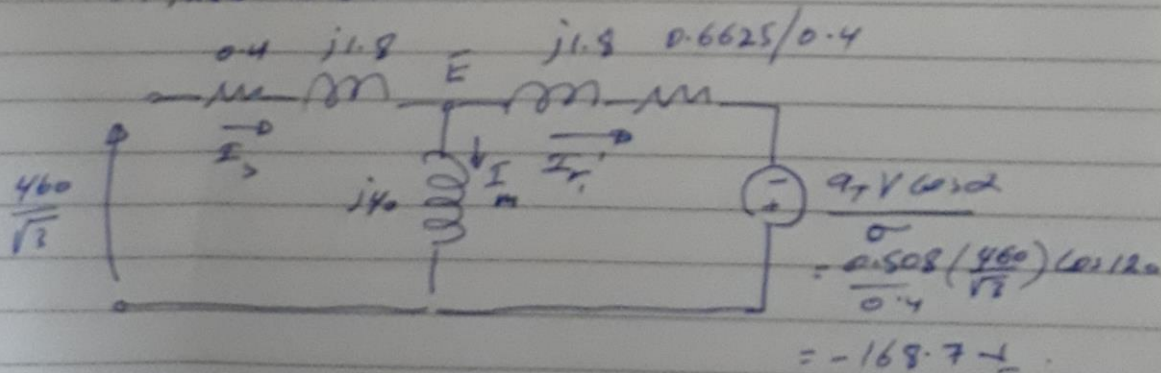
$\Rightarrow \boxed{a_T = 0.508}$

2) $\sigma = \frac{1200 - 720}{1200} = 0.4$

$R_{i,new} = R_r' + R_{ref}' = 0.6 + 0^2 R_{ref}$

$R_{i,new} = 0.6 + a^2 (0.5 R_r) = 0.6 + (0.5)^2 (0.5 \times 0.02)$

$R_{i,new} = 0.6625 \Omega$



KCL at node E

$$\frac{E - 460/\sqrt{3}}{0.4 + j1.8} + \frac{E}{j40} + \frac{E - 168.7}{(0.6625/0.4) + j1.8} = 0$$

solve for E $\Rightarrow E = 219.3784 / -2.6^\circ \text{ V}$

$$I_{r'} = \frac{E - 168.7}{0.6625/0.4 + j1.8} = 21.023 / -58.53^\circ \text{ A}$$

$$T_{\text{ax}} = \frac{3}{\omega_p} \left[\frac{R_{2,\text{new}}}{\sigma} I_r'^2 + 168.7 I_r' \right]$$

$$T_{\text{ax}} = \frac{3}{1200 \left(\frac{\pi}{30} \right)} \left[\frac{0.6625 (21.02)^2}{0.4} + 168.7 (21.02) \right]$$

$$T_{\text{ax}} = 102.144 \text{ N.m.}$$

$$\vec{I}_s = \vec{I}_m + \vec{I}_r \quad \text{or} \quad \vec{I}_s = \frac{V - E}{0.4 + j1.8}$$

$$\vec{I}_s = \frac{460/\sqrt{3} - 219.3784 \angle -7.6}{0.4 + j1.8}$$

$$\vec{I}_s = 25.75 \angle -65.38^\circ$$

$$\text{PF} = \cos(\theta_{v_s} - \theta_{i_s}) = \cos(65.38) = 0.4166 \text{ lagging}$$

3) From the previous problem

$$T_{el,r} = 78.5 \text{ N.m}$$

$$T_{el} = \frac{3}{\omega_r} \left[\frac{R_{r,neu}}{\omega} I_r'^2 + \frac{-g_T V \cos \alpha}{\omega} I_r' \right]$$

$$T_{el} = 78.5 = \frac{3}{1200 \frac{\pi}{30}} \cdot \frac{1}{0.4} \left[0.6625 I_r'^2 - 0.508 \left(\frac{460}{\sqrt{3}} \right) I_r' \cos \alpha \right]$$

$$I_r'^2 - 203.6 I_r' \cos \alpha = 1985 \dots \textcircled{1}$$

$$T_{el} \approx \frac{3V}{\omega_r} I_r' \Rightarrow 78.5 = \frac{3 \left(\frac{460}{\sqrt{3}} \right)}{1200 \left(\frac{\pi}{30} \right)} I_r' \dots \textcircled{2}$$

solving $\textcircled{1} + \textcircled{2}$

$$I_r' = \frac{78.5 \left(1200 \frac{\pi}{30} \right)}{\frac{3}{\sqrt{3}} (460)} = 12.3812 \text{ A.}$$

$$(12.3812)^2 - 203.6 (12.3812) \cos \alpha = 1985$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{\alpha = 136.6^\circ}$$